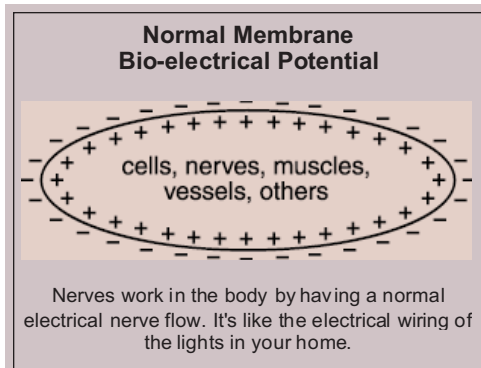


# Neural Therapy

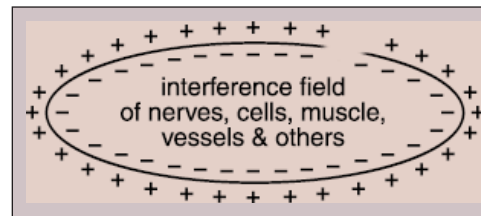
Neural Therapy is a gentle, healing technique that involves the injection of local anesthetics into autonomic ganglia, peripheral nerves, scars, glands, trigger points, specific points in the skin, and other tissues. It is based on the theory that any trauma, infection, or surgery can produce long-standing disturbances in the electrochemical or electromagnetic function of tissues. A correctly applied Neural Therapy injection can often instantly and permanently resolve chronic long-standing illness and chronic pain.

Neural Therapy by Huneke is one of the best-known natural healing methods in Germany. It is utilized in Germany where there are some 5000 practitioners. It slowly gained acceptance in other parts of Europe, Mexico, and the United States. Neural Therapy goes back to the discovery of the physician brothers, Drs. Ferdinand and Walter Huneke. In order to provide anesthesia, they discovered, Lidocaine and especially Procaine, could be used.

Procaine, lidocaine and other local anesthetics work by "stabilizing the membrane's bio-electrical potential, thus returning the organ to its original state."



Disruption of Membrane Reverses Normal Bio-electrical Potential - Dysfunction, Pain and Energy Loss Result



Scars, surgery sites, and sites of previous infections can affect cell ion pumps from working correctly and the electrical charge and signaling of those cells becomes altered. These cells can influence other cells and eventually, an interference field is set up. The local disturbance of the autonomic nervous system can affect the autonomic nervous system as a whole, leading sometimes, to severe dysfunction at sites remote from the scar tissue responsible for the disturbance. By infiltrating a local anesthetic around the cell wall, the ion pumps resume normal activity and eventually the autonomic nervous starts functioning properly again.

## Conditions likely to be caused by an interference field:

The autonomic nervous system is that part of the nervous system that regulates the body's automatic functions. It helps control for example: heart rate, blood pressure, digestion, bowel movements, urination, sexual function, menstruation, perspiration, and skin temperature. Any symptom related to these

